Semestre Económico (2022), 11(1), 4–26

doi:10.26867/se.2023.v12i1.141

http://semestreeconomico.unap.edu.pe/index.php/revista/index ISSN: 2072-0572 (Versión impresa) ISSN: 2523-0840 (Versión digital)



EDITORIAL

The global consequences of the war in Ukraine and proposals for pacification under the Human Rights

Antonio Sanchez-Bayon*

Universidad Rey Juan Carlos, Madrid, España; ORCID: https://orcid.org/0000-0003-4855-8356 *Correspondencia a. Email: antonio.sbayon@urjc.es

(Recibido March 21, 2023; aceptado April 14, 2023)

Abstract

The Editorial Committee of the journal Semestre Económico at the Universidad Nacional del Altiplano de Puno-Perú, in this English edition, it offers to their readers the transcription of the lecture (with the same title) exposed by Prof. Sánchez-Bayón to the Judicial Power of Peru on Fall-Semester of 2023. Prof. Sánchez-Bayón pays attention to: 1) The recognition of the total war context; 2) The historical reflection: Does History repeats itself?; 3) A brief report on winners and losers; and 4) Some notes on Transitional Justice, Human Rights Law and Humanitarian Law.

Keywords: War in Ukraine; human rights; Humanitarian Law; Law & Economics.

1. Introduction

Four points are addressed: 1) The recognition of the total war context; 2) The historical reflection: Does History repeats itself?; 3) A brief report on winners and losers; and 4) Some notes on Transitional Justice, Human Rights Law and Humanitarian Law.

First of all, let me share with you two starting thoughts:

- a) One is from Maslow (well known for his pyramid of values and motivation) ¹, but in this case, he alludes to an expression that he liked to share with students: "if your only tool is a hammer, then you tend to treat each problem as if it were a nail". Therefore, we are going to try to broaden the vision and light different focuses on various approaches. Therefore, this is not a presentation for highly ideological people, because they will not be able to understand the complexities and nuances that define the context and its development. Indeed, the title given by the organizers (to these conferences) about the global implications of the war and its impact on human rights, has been very successful.
- b) Also present throughout the exhibition will be the well-known phrase by Churchill, addressed to Chamberlain ² and the other politicians of his time (defenders of the policy of appearement), when

^{1. [}Footnotes by Ricardo Corrales] Abraham Maslow (1908-1970), North American psychologist, whose pyramid synthesizes a theory of motivation that tries to explain what drives human behavior. Which consists on 5 levels that are hierarchically ordered according to the human needs that go through all people. URL: https://www.academia.edu/40517751/La_Pir%C3%A1mide_de_Necesidades_de_Abraham_Maslow.

^{2.} Arthur Neville Chamberlain was a British Conservative politician, who served as Prime Minister from May 28, 1937 to May 10, 1940. He is famous for his appearement policy towards the Third Reich, as well as for his signing of the Munich Agreement on September 30, 1938, granting that country the –supposedly– German–speaking region of the Sudetenland of





- Reconocimiento: guerra total
- 2.- ¿Historia se repite? (Versalles)
- 3.- Ganadores y perdedores
- Justicia transicional

he rebuked them: "they gave you a choice between dishonor or war, you chose dishonor and you will have war."

So, what situation are we in? Normally, it was said before that war could be waged by land, sea and air. Nowadays, in reality, it is directed to the body, to the heart and to the mind. Let me explain - and now we are going to see it - since this war is having such a dimension, that is why it is called a total war. It is no longer as we have seen in other situations asymmetric wars (i.e. Afghanistan). War takes place on the battlefield, in the rear, in the media, in geopolitical alliances, etc.

First of all, what do we call it, because we started talking about the "war in Ukraine"; then they went on to call it "Putin's war"; the French coined the expression "Ukraine-Russia conflict"; finally, the Americans have imposed their vision of the "invasion of Ukraine". Personally, I would add "occupation". It turns out that the denomination is not trivial legally speaking: the terminology that we use affects the qualification and its consequences. In a war, it is assumed that there are two sides in conflict, making it difficult to determine who is the aggressor and who is the victim, but at least there are some contenders and humanitarian law applies. Conflict takes away importance. Moreover, Putin himself was talking from the beginning that they were simple military maneuvers (to minimize importance and cover himself, in case the "special operation" went wrong); such a qualification also made sense with all the propaganda that had been launched, that Ukraine was indeed part of Russia: Kievan Rus, was the historical origin of the first Kingdom of Ukraine, serving as subsequent historical legitimization of the Tsarist articulation from the century XVI. In the end, I prefer the term "occupation" because of the implications in International Law: in the self-determination of peoples, only 3 assumptions fit (military occupation, colonialism and aparthead).

Czechoslovakia. After the German invasion of Poland on September 1, 1939, which marked the beginning of World War II, he announced the declaration of war on Germany two days later and led the United Kingdom during the first eight months of the war until his resignation from the post. URL: Wikipedia.com

Figure 2. Preliminary reflections.



Si tu única herramienta es un martillo, tiendes a tratar cada problema como si fuera un clavo (Abraham Maslow)



Os dieron a elegir entre el deshonor o la guerra, elegisteis el deshonor y tendreis la guerra (Winston Churchill)

Source: own elaboration.

It is insisted that the qualification given to the phenomenon is very important, and in any case, if we doubt, it is preferable to keep the term "war", since that is how Humanitarian Law operates and, therefore, proceedings for crimes of less can then be initiated. humanity. Therefore -once againit is not trivial what we call this situation that we are now observing, in which there were different arguments, many emotional ones. Putin himself spoke of the "denazification" of Ukraine, which is "funny" because Zelensky ³ is of Jewish origin. Then nationalist arguments and the pride of Great Russia were used (it is version 1.0, to recover those original territories); now it is version 2.0, because it is Russia against the rest of the West, especially against the United States of America and the European Union, not really being a bloc, as we will see later.

Arguments against NATO were also used: it cannot be alluding to NATO's expansionist restraint, since the context and the actors have changed. The Warsaw Pact and the USSR have already disappeared. Then they alluded to the international treaties favoring German reunification, where NATO's advance towards the east was renounced, however, it is insisted, it was signed by other actors. Finally, since when can a country, in an imperialist way, prevent others from exercising their sovereignty? Can't Ukraine join the European Union and NATO without Russia's permission? (then we would be denying International Law). No country can impose such conditions on another. Besides, that was with the USSR, which has already died out, so Russia does not have to say anything in this regard (about the possible entry of Ukraine into NATO and/or the European Union); However, such a thing was promised to Ukraine by the international community, on several occasions, and for this reason, Ukraine

^{3.} Volodymyr Oleksandrovich Zelensky, is a Ukrainian actor and politician and the current President of Ukraine, being the country's 6th president since its independence in 1991. Zelensky, who earned his law degree from the Vadim Getman National University of Economics in Kiev, He grew up with Russian as his mother tongue in Krivoy Rog, a major city in Dnipropetrovsk Oblast in central Ukraine. Before his political career, he was an actor, screenwriter, producer and director of film and television, and created the audiovisual production company Kvartal 95 Studio, for film and television content, as well as operating as an animation studio and concert organizer. URL: https:// es.wikipedia.org/wiki/Volodimir_Zelenski

allowed part of its territory (Crimea) to be occupied, the delivery of nuclear weapons, and EuroMaidan took place (popular demonstrations in favor of joining the European Union) –as can be seen in the images-.

Figure 3. Assessment of the war.



Source: own elaboration.

It must be added that Biden, in his communications, was very wrong. He was not interested in a war in Ukraine, to cover up his own affairs (those related to his son, influence peddling and other possible legal problems) –it could be said that he emulated what happened with Gaddafi in Libya, allowing himself to fall, to cover up secrets–. In addition, in February 2022, the mid-term ⁴ elections were already underway , so Biden was not interested in getting into Ukraine, thus leaving this nation completely "sold out".

Finally, the justification for this war can be found in economic arguments, such as lithium. Ukraine is not only rich in cereals, in addition to its heavy industry in the East (precisely the Donbass Area ⁵), which has been occupied and now the Russians are retreating, but also, as I told you, it is very rich in lithium . Lithium is one of the most important components that we have today for our technological devices, it is essential.

Right at the beginning of 2022, Zelenski was negotiating with several multinationals: one Canadian, another New Zealand and another China, for the exploitation of lithium -later I will show you in images where the deposits are and why now it also coincides that a good part of the massive bombings

^{4.} The United States mid -term elections are general elections held in November every two years, at the midpoint of a president's four-year term. In those elections, the 435 seats in the United States House of Representatives are chosen , and 33 or 34 of the 100 seats in the United States Senate . In addition, in these elections, 34 of the 50 US states elect their governors for a four-year term. While Vermont and New Hampshire , elect governors to two-year terms, in both midterm and presidential elections. Thus, 36 governors are elected during the midterm elections. URL: https://es.wikipedia.org/wiki/Elecciones_de_medio_mandato_de_Estados_Unidos>

^{5.} The Donets Basin, abbreviated by its initials in the Cyrillic alphabet as Donbas or Donbass, and otherwise as Donbass, is a historical, cultural and economic region of Ukraine. The word adapted to Spanish as "Dombás" is derived from the compound noun from "Donets" and "bassein", thus Donbás literally means "Donets basin". URL: https://es.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dombás

They are giving where all these mines are. In a way, putting himself in Putin's place, it seems that he was thinking to himself: "if I'm not going to be able to exploit it, no one exploited it".

As I was saying, this is a total war, therefore, with the military at the front, militiamen and the resistance carrying out a guerrilla war, technology with drones and satellites and the Internet. For this reason, it was very important when they tried to cut conventional communication signals (radio, television and telephone) in a traditional way; For this reason, the role of Starlink ⁶ was very important, which continued to provide coverage, and even Google Maps, which gave an account of the advances of the Russian troops, which at first seemed unstoppable (especially that 60-kilometer column of armored vehicles, which would be a distance equivalent to the one existing between the cities of Madrid and Toledo in Spain: a whole line of tanks, which fortunately was stopped by the drones later, or there would have been a massive destruction of populations).

Later, we will see why the Russian Army, despite making investments to modernize, failed to do so, and it was due to the problem of corruption. Nor did the massive Russian attacks achieve the expected result, however, Ukraine fared much better with the few weapons provided by the West, but much more selective and precise, therefore, certain rocket launchers such as drones have done a very good job. important, because of course, the problem was that you couldn't give the Ukrainian military an F-35 plane, since they don't have trained pilots, that costs a lot, I'm telling you I was in an F-18, you go in and have the panel on the left, the one on the front, the one on the right, a little above and, in addition, then you change to the right and change up to four times, for this reason, managing all these panels is very complicated; but the control of drones is much easier and their military use has been very efficient.

The veils of confusion (Sánchez-Bayón, 2017 and 2019a-d), in the cold war were like that in terms of everything that was counterintelligence, everything that was disinformation that the Soviets were always quite good at. Now, the problem is that in Russia it was also based on a law, whereby if you reported in the slightest contradicting the official version of the Government, you committed a crime that you would go to jail for 20 years, so now you see Russian journalists who say, well, as I am reporting right now, well, if I say that the troops have withdrawn I am going against the official version, and they can take me to jail, but if I say that the troops have to be maintained, I am also misinforming, then this as he commented.

Then, there is another problem, which is the Trojan horse and the fifth column, we have had this since the 1990s, there is a French tradition, especially in the Paris area, that has been like this, I am telling you not only by changing the terminology saying that indeed it cannot be said that Russia is a dictatorship, you even invent terms, it is that it is a "democracy", mixing dictatorship and democracy, because they have some interests due to gas, oil and many other reasons, therefore they are constantly now pressing to Zelenski and, for this reason, both Scholz ⁷ and Macron were also ⁸ the last to visit him , and Macron is always putting up obstacles, and saying that well, Putin cannot be humiliated, we must give him a way out, therefore we always have in mind Europe that fifth column.

^{6.} Last Monday, February 28, a shipment of terminals for Elon Musk's Starlink satellite internet service arrived in Ukraine, according to the Ukrainian Ministry of Digital Transformation, which had requested the devices from the American billionaire in the face of the Russian invasion. The Starlink satellite network could provide an internet connection in the areas hit by the attacks of the Russian army that invaded Ukraine last Thursday. See < https://www.semana.com/tecnologia/articulo/elon-musk-lanzo-una-advertencia-sobre-el-uso-de-starlink-en-ucrania/202222/>

^{7.} Olaf Scholz is a German politician who has served as Chancellor of Germany since 2021. He belongs to the Social Democratic Party of Germany (SPD); he previously served as the first mayor of Hamburg between 2011 and 2018, as well as serving as deputy chairman of the SPD between 2009 and 2019. See https://es.wikipedia.org/wiki/Olaf_Scholz

^{8.} Emmanuel Jean-Michel Frédéric Macron (Amiens, Haute-France, December 21, 1977) is a French politician, twenty-fifth president of the French Republic since 2017. A former public official and investment banking specialist, he was an employee and associate of the French bank Rothschild & Cie and later served as economic adviser to the President of the Republic François Hollande (2012). In 2014 he was appointed Minister of Economy. In April 2016 he launched the political movement En Marcha! The following August he resigned as Minister of Economy to dedicate himself to the political project of the center, without ruling out becoming a candidate in the French presidential elections of 2017 if Hollande gave up. He left office being the most valued minister of the Government and the favorite left-wing politician of the French. See https://es.wikipedia.org/wiki/Emmanuel_Macron

Finally, we are going to see geopolitical issues in the blocks, which is not only a matter of economic interests, but also moral and cultural superiority, what is at stake is what model we are going to have because there is also a change in the Order World, and therefore hard democracy or whatever we want to call them. Quickly here you have (vid. slide).



Figure 4. Lithium deposits.

Source: own elaboration.

So many, the price of lithium has skyrocketed right where they are, in the eastern area there was a lot and especially the Jarcov area, which is why this obsession with taking over that area, and in the end the general "siloviki" who is called the General "Armageddon" ⁹, since he took over the mission in October, he is increasing all these massive bombings, not respecting the civilian population and therefore confirming once again all the war crimes that have been and will be.

Look not only at what Churchill said at the time throughout the year 1938, when Hitler began to occupy everything he could, from Hungary in 1939 he passed to Poland, all that is Galicia and, Poland is a very curious country because as time has passed, too, it has been shifting to the left. But, let us remember what the Soviets did to the Ukrainians in 1933, that is why the Ukrainians are defending themselves with all their souls and they will never surrender despite what some predicted, the Holodomor supposed at the time in 1933 the massacre ¹⁰ by hunger of more than 1/10 of the Ukrainian population, the Soviet Army arrived, took away all the grain, all the food and they died of

^{9.} Russia's increasing isolation has only strengthened the so-called siloviki, Russian security men who have surrounded Vladimir Putin, many of whom served in the KGB and have held conservative, often conspiratorial political views. No one knows exactly how Putin makes his most important political decisions. Tatyana Stanovaya, founder of political analysts R.Politik, recently divided the Russian elite into two groups: the technocrats who dominate the government but "have no competence to interfere in security matters" and the siloviki who "dominate the agenda, feed Putin's anxieties and cause tension to rise" See https://www.continental.com.ar/internacional/quienes-son-los—siloviki-el-grupo-intimo-que-influye-en-putin

^{10.} Stalin's Greatest Crime. Holodomor, the great Ukrainian famine. Forced collectivization imposed by Joseph Stalin condemned some seven million people throughout the Soviet Union, particularly in the Ukraine, to cruel starvation. The State apparatus requisitioned crops and food and surrounded entire towns so that no one could leave, sentencing their inhabitants to certain death. See < https://historia.nationalgeographic.com.es/a/holodomor-gran-hambruna-ukraniana_15338>

2.- ¿Historia se repite? (Versalles 19, 38 –apaciguamiento-, 22)

Figure 5. A bit of History



Source: own elaboration.

hunger, those great famines, in which the families came to agree "you eat my dead I I will eat your dead".

So, that has never been forgotten in Ukrainian memory and therefore it is very much alive, and they also know about the constant humiliations during the Soviet period, so they don't want to go back to that situation. However, in 2014, Ukraine had a president who was a puppet of Moscow, it turns out that they were willing not only to lose Crimea, but they were promised that it was in exchange for joining the European Union and NATO, so they already had insurance to protect them, since nuclear weapons were distributed among different republics, one that had the largest nuclear silos was Ukraine and it gave it to Russia, however, that agreement was not fulfilled, and here are images for you actually see different episodes, and today what Vasili Grossman ¹¹ with "Life and Fate" was describing what Stalingrad was in 1942, now it has been Kiev in 22, everything that is the iron ring.

Putin, look at the photo on the right at the top, that long table, by the way, we Spaniards make it in Valencia, it's from a Spanish company, Putin, if you've seen him, he's sick, I don't know if he's receiving chemo, but he is totally swollen, and he is also thinking about his legacy, he is in a difficult position, because on the one hand there are the "hawks" in Russia who are saying to intensify all this aggressiveness, on the other hand what the "doves" want is lower that tension, to go back to doing business with Europe later, eh!

^{11.} Vasily Semionovich Grossman (1905 - 1964) was a writer and journalist Soviet Russian-Jewish born Iósif Solomonovich Grossman . Grossman trained as an engineer and worked in the Donets Basin , but gave up that occupation in the 1930s to devote himself exclusively to writing. He published several dozen short stories and some long novels. After the outbreak of World War II he became a war correspondent for the Red Army , publishing acclaimed first - hand accounts of the battles of Moscow , Stalingrad , Kursk and Berlin for the daily Krásnaya Zvezdá (Red Star) . His testimony about the Nazi death camps, written after the liberation of Treblinka , is among the first documents written about the Jewish Holocaust and was used as evidence at the Nuremberg trials . After World War II, Grossman's faith in the Soviet state was shaken by the anti-Semitic turn of the Stalin regime in its final years and until the dictator's death in 1953. Although Grossman was never arrested for the Soviet authorities, his two masterpieces (Life and Fate and Everything Flows) were censored during the Nikita Khrushchev period as anti-Soviet. See https://es.wikipedia.org/wiki/Vasili_Grossman

Figure 6. Balance of winners and losers.

3.- Ganadores y perdedores



De "cómo ganar" a "cómo no perder".

De "gran guerra patriótica" (Ucrania) a "gran guerra patriótica 2.0" (contra UE/Occidente).

Creyó que sería como Crimea (relámpago) o Siria/Libia/Mali/Georgia

(brutal e impune).

*Burbuja siloviki

Source: own elaboration

On the other hand, Biden thought that in reality Putin's big problem is how to win the lightning operation, compared to today's situation it is how to learn that I am not losing or at least that I am not losing too much, as he justified to my people because I am coming back again to the same thing, young recruits without training were sent to the front, because it is one of the problems that the Russian Army has, there are too many generals, there we all have them with their little badges on their chests, but the intermediate positions are missing, the Intermediate positions, the intermediate ranks, let me explain, given the level of corruption and the bad salaries, there are only sergeants, there are no corporals, there aren't, I would even dare to say that there aren't many colonels either, so, of course, there are quite a few generals, and especially soldiers who have just arrived and who really know little about the war, which is why they have gone from that great patriotic war to the great patriotic war 2.0 against the West, which is typical of dictatorships in autarky and isolation mode Overall, it's not that the others don't love us, it's that we don't love them and, therefore, a miscalculation as the Siloviki advised, you know that what Putin did after Yeltsin was to purge a good ¹² part of of the "oligarchs" and he put

^{12.} Boris Nikolayevich Yeltsin (1931 - 2007) was a Russian politician, who served as President of Russia between 1991 and 1999. He also held the position of President of the Government from 1991 to 1992, and was the penultimate to hold the position of President of the Supreme Soviet of the Russian SFSR from 1990 to 1991. On July 12, 1990, during the celebration of the XXVIII Congress of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union , Boris Yeltsin announces his withdrawal from the Communist Party of the Soviet Union . In the presidential elections of June 1991, Yeltsin, running as an independent, was elected president of the Russian Soviet Federative Socialist Republic with 58% of the vote. In August 1991, Yeltsin won international plaudits for promoting himself as a democrat and for challenging the August 1991 coup attempt carried out by communist hardliners in the Soviet government and the KGB. Following the dissolution of the Soviet Union in December 1991, Yeltsin vowed to transform Russia's socialist economy into a free market economy and implemented economic shock therapy, price liberalization, and privatization programs. Due to the privatization method, a good part of the national wealth fell into the hands of a small group of oligarchs. The Yeltsin era was marked by widespread corruption, economic collapse, two wars in Chechnya, and huge social and political problems affecting Russia and other former Soviet Union states. During the first years of his presidency, many of Yeltsin's political supporters turned against him, and Vice President Aleksandr Rutskoi denounced the reforms as "economic genocide". Constant clashes with Parliament culminated in Russia's October constitutional crisis. 1993, when Parliament tried to remove Yeltsin from office and he, in response, besieged the Russian White House, killing hundreds of people. Yeltsin got rid

his comrades from the KGB and many other "strong men", which is what Siloviki means, and he put them in important positions in the large public companies, so of course the problem is that, that he was accustomed to the annexation of Crimea which was lightning fast or the sheer brutality and impunity after that, as were their interventions in Syria, Libya, Mali, Georgia etc.

What really happened?

The Russian Occupiers in the Kherson direction began to surrender together with military equipment Guerra Ucrania - Rusia, última "100.000 soldados rusos muertos y heridos, igual en el lado ucraniano", según EEUU EL PAÍS = EL PAÍS Ofensiva de Rusia en Ucrania Internacional Última hora de la guerra, en directo | Ucrania informa del Última hora de la guerra, en directo | Zelenski asegura que Ucrania ha liberado 41 colapso del único puente asentamientos en el sur del país entre Jersón y las zonas ocupadas al otro lado del río Dniéper $\equiv \text{EL PAIS}$ Ofensiva de Rusia en Ucrania Zelenski pide extremar la cautela ante el anuncio de la retirada rusa de Jersón: "El enemigo no nos hace regalos" ¿Quién es el mayor suministrador de armamento de Ucrania?

Figure 7. Balance of the war I.

Source: own elaboration.

Taking stock and looking for media, which also have certain biases towards the left and pro Putin, such as the newspaper "El País" ¹³ here in Spain, which now calculates that there are about 100,000 deaths (of soldiers on one side or the other) ¹⁴. Therefore, there is still a margin until reaching the number of victims of the Holodomor [it is estimated that more than 4 million deaths from the socialist famines, Courtois et al, 1997], which we hope will not be repeated and such a tragedy is so engraved in the memory of the Ukrainians, passing from generation to generation, who do not forget them and encourage them to fight today.

As for the Ukrainian Army, which I already told you, they had to stay, because the first thing

of the existing constitution, temporarily banned political opposition, and continued his economic experimentation. He then introduced a new Constitution with strong presidential power, which was approved by a controversial referendum before the end of the year. He was re-elected in 1996, defeating Gennady Zyuganov of the revived Communist Party. However, Yeltsin never regained his initial popularity after a series of economic and political crises in Russia during the 1990s. On December 31, 1999, Yeltsin made a surprise announcement of his resignation, leaving the presidency in the hands of his successor., the then prime minister, Vladimir Putin. Yeltsin left office widely unpopular with the Russian population. By some estimates, his approval ratings on leaving office were as low as 2%. See < https://es.wikipedia.org/wiki/Bor%C3%ADs_Yeltsin>

^{13.} This newspaper started under central-right ideology (with collaborators as Fraga) and later it moved to central-left or left (according to the current Board perception, i.e. Cebrián, Barroso).

^{14.} In the revision of the text in March 2023, the casualties in the Russian army exceeded 180,000 deaths and in the Ukrainian side more than 100,000 people and close to 50,000 deaths from civil society.

Zelensky did was declare a state of siege, when the Russian invasion began, however, he ordered that everyone over 18 years of age had to stay at fight, unless you had 3 children or more, and then if they let you go with your family. After such measures, the Ukrainian Army deployed its counteroffensive, and they are recovering more than 41 towns, they go at an average of no less than 10 km a week, because there are also minefields, bridges are also blown up, etc.

There is an image on Twitter that changed the perception, that they were, well, the Russians, I'm telling you, if the poor didn't know where they were going either and they were also bombarding them with propaganda that the Ukrainians are Russians too, and we are going to help our brothers Russians etc., of course, how are they going to shoot Ukrainians, then, they found themselves in a tremendously crazy situation and here they are from a tank asking to surrender with their underwear, which is the white flag.

But hey, do you know who has been the largest supplier of arms to Ukraine in this war? Well, believe it or not, it was Russia.



Figure 8. Balance of the war II.

Source: own elaboration.

Russia, running away and abandoning positions, has left 421 tanks, many of them that can be repaired, reused, 445 infantry armored vehicles, 192 armored combat vehicles, all this is contrasted with the most important weapons magazines in Europe. It turns out that the Europeans only, sorry, the Westerners because they have been mainly the United States and then the Europeans would follow together, and Great Britain now that it is no longer within the European Union would be the second largest donor, we only contributed 320 tanks Compared to the 421 that Russia has left behind, the missiles and warheads, I am not telling you more than almost 170, etc., a tremendous thing. Also, especially the neighboring countries, Poland, with respect to its GDP, are the ones that have contributed the most, Spain little.

What is the problem and the result of this war?

Take a good look: Ukraine's GDP fell especially after that invasion of Crimea and because it was

Figure 9. Balance of the war III.

feared that it would eventually spread to Donbass, this entire eastern area, it gradually recovered and has fallen again to those levels not so much of the 14, but it is going to affect us and we are going to see what consequences look, both Russia and Ukraine are the largest producers of cereals and this already affected it at the time, remember the great recession of 2008, which effectively caused prices to skyrocket prices of raw materials, and this ended in the end because they know that the economy always has ripple effects, well, at the end of 2010 it was when the Arab spring began, and it was precisely because of this lack of cereals, well imagine now because of course the grain if it was harvested, what we are losing are the crops of the following years, keep in mind that Ukraine has those black lands that are very rich and that produce a tremendous amount of cereals, but of course that is why it will become more expensive and therefore only those Those who have resources will be able to acquire them and, there will be great famines, that is, all of sub-Saharan Africa in what is precisely the retention of these cereals, because there will surely be complications and riots. In Europe we are doing a somewhat irregular fundraising: Ursula von der Leyen 15, is having meetings of all kinds and even assuming powers beyond those that may correspond to her, because the tax part is not attributed to the European Union and, However, it is promising that it will achieve a rise, among other ways of financing the European Union, going from 1% of VAT (Value Added Tax -IGV or General Sales Tax in Peru) of all countries to a 2% minimum; plus taxes on plastics and any other green. On the boomerang effect, see the slide (short term-CP, medium term-MP and long term-LP):

On the slide you can see the Kharkov Economics Faculty, before and after the bombings; Will you tell me why it was necessary to attack said Faculty: lack of precision or instilling fear in the civilian population? I reiterate that the Russian Army is very outdated: it is still a model from the 70s, with massive attacks. Unlike what Ukraine has been doing, precisely with the missiles that the West has delivered (above all, the US, UK and Poland), and which are totally selective attacks, which allows interventions to be tremendously surgical.

However, all the packages of measures that the European Union has taken have suffered a boomerang

^{15.} Ursula Gertrud von der Leyen (Brussels , Belgium , October 8 , 1958), is a politician and doctor. German , current President of the European Commission (term from December 2019 to October 2024). He served as Minister of Defense of Germany from 2013 to 2019. Member of the Christian Democratic Union (CDU), she was the first woman in German history to hold the position of defense minister and the first to be president of the European Commission. She was previously Minister for Labor and Social Affairs from 2009 to 2013 and Minister for Family, Senior Citizens, Women and Youth from 2005 to 2009. In addition to her mother tongue German, she is fluent in French and English, having spent her childhood in Brussels and He lived several years in the United States. See https://es.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ursula_von_der_Leyen

Figure 10. Balance of the war IV.



effect, they have turned against the Europeans themselves, because already at the time what had been considered to be the engine of Europe: France and Germany, they have us completely sold into the energy trap, then also into the debt trap and even final production with China. Remember that Olaf Scholz came from being mayor of Hamburg, which has one of the most relevant ports for Europe, of which 10% is already owned by China and was made during the Olaf Scholz period, who also does not want to show who they are the losers and the winners in all of this.

As for the final production of goods that in the end, in part, ends up coming to Europe from China, then, of course, there was a certain shortage and that has marked a lot, then, the economic consequences that have been taking place from stock market crashes, currencies, energy rise, commodities ¹⁶, inflation in all divestment, not BlackRock ¹⁷, Well, it's one of the big investment funds that has withdrawn from Europe, they see that Europe is going to be increasingly sterile, in that sense keep in mind that we don't even have unicorns, especially since Great Britain ¹⁸ left the European Union, we are also

^{16.} A commodity is a tangible material that can be traded, bought, or sold . Being unprocessed, it does not have any added or differential value beyond its origin, which is why it is often used as a raw material to manufacture more refined products . Commodities are a basic productive element, which makes them a very interesting asset for trade. In fact, there are currently two types of markets where commodities are bought and sold. In the spot market, the raw material is sold in real time, so that the payment is made immediately and the product is delivered at that very moment. On the other hand, in the futures market or commodity exchanges, raw materials are negotiated through futures contracts in which the quantity and price are fixed in advance for a later sale. This negotiation is similar to the purchase and sale of shares, so there are futures brokers that acquire contracts that can be resold or repurchased. See https://universidadeuropea.com/blog/que-son-los-commodities/

^{17.} BlackRock is an American investment management company headquartered in New York. It is considered the largest in the world in asset management, with assets under management valued at more than ten trillion dollars, in January 2022.4 It is led by the American political scientist Larry Fink. BlackRock invests in equity, fixed income, cash management, alternative investment and real estate strategies. It offers risk management services, strategic advice and proprietary investment systems to a broad client base with portfolios totaling \$8 trillion. Its Aladdin electronic platform connects major companies with the equity, debt, currency and derivatives markets. BlackRock is one of the most influential financial groups on Wall Street and Washington. In April 2020, BlackRock's consulting division won a contract from the United States Federal Reserve to manage its financial stimulus program. This sparked allegations of conflict of interest because the program includes a facility to buy shares in exchange-traded funds and BlackRock controls half of those funds in the United States. See https://es.wikipedia.org/wiki/BlackRock

^{18.} According to Aileen, these "unicorns" used to be a myth or fantasy. But now it seems that every year we find at least four

over-indebted, in short, it will be tremendous, I am still actually waiting to see the effects with digital currencies because it is true that except for the issue of rubles, since Russia would continue to be paid for gas and oil in rubles, and also by stopping using dollars, it has also caused the Euro to collapse against the Dollar, not only because the Federal Reserve has raised interest rates, but because right now the dollar is revaluing, since we It comes out much more expensive from there than in the end because even though prices start to drop, gasoline continues to be very expensive for us.

Anyway, I'm telling you that all the sanctions that have been taken from the European Union actually look, what the airlines have done has been to register in Bermuda and that's it, on the other hand, what they do is that all the gas and the oil is bought by India and then resold to us. For its part, Russia cannot take it and start selling to other parts of the world either, because in reality it has gas pipelines stretched out to Europe, so until it is built and it can really pass to China and India, etc., it will be a long time. Therefore, in a certain way we are all trapped.



Figure 11. Balance of the war V.



Source: own elaboration.

The big winners are Qatar –by the way, under suspicion of influencing MEPs to launder their image and thus be able to increase their operations in the EU-, said country has increased its level of gas and oil exploitation. Likewise, China and India are benefiting by acting as intermediaries (since you cannot buy directly from Russia, it is done via those countries). As for Europe, it is collapsing, well, green energy is insufficient, which is why not only is gas now necessary, but also in Germany they are burning lignite, at full speed for fear of the harsh winter and the high cost of electricity ¹⁹. The EU Green Deal, it will force southern countries to reduce their pollution quota and increase their production of renewable energy (as a compensation effect with Germany).

In short, the boomerang effect supposes that any sanction that the European Union is taking against Russia, in reality returns against the European population, which has to finance the war, paying for more expensive electricity, higher inflation, less purchasing power, etc. . (Everything goes back to the Green Deal or green pact, García-Vaquero et al, 2021; González et al, 2021; Trincado et al, 2021).

Another of the effects in the European Union (EU) is, without a doubt, the change in the epicenters of power and the configuration of new groups or blocs in the EU: it is interesting if in the end those

such companies, which are accompanied by a new generation of disruptive technologies to meet the needs of people in the market. What characteristics do financial unicorns have? The three main characteristics of these successful startups are the following: First, they must be made up of private or own capital and preferably not listed on the stock market (since by doing so they receive money from various investors and it is much easier to capitalize in this way). The second characteristic of the unicorns is their youth and technology; They must have started their activity no more than 10 years prior to receiving said name and base their operations on technological innovations and social networks. And last, but perhaps the most important, is having a valuation of more than a billion dollars. See https://www.heraldobinario.com.mx/fintech/2021/6/8/que-son-los-unicornios-financieros-por-que-se-llaman-asi-13.html

^{19.} Lignite is a mineral carbon that is formed by compression of peat, becoming a crumbly substance in which some plant structures can still be recognized. It is black or brown in color and frequently has a texture similar to that of the wood from which it comes. See https://es.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lignite

Una unión de familias
Países con características e intereses comunes en la UE

Taises lundos

TRANCIA C

TRANC

Figure 12. Results of the war I.

of Visegrad end up coalescing, with ²⁰ the Baltics ²¹ and the rest of Eastern Europeans, since they were all well aware of the risks of coercive centralized planning, with all its market and State failures (Sánchez-Bayón, 2022a-b). And it is that said new block of power, are all those who in a certain way, know what it has been like to be part of the USSR or have been satellite States and, therefore, do not want to be talked about socialism (even if only in its social democratic side of neo and post Keynesians). Instead, little by little the founding countries are deflating: Germany is already in a technical recession; Spain and France are highly indebted and require deep institutional reforms (eg pensions, healthcare); and Italy is the great secret, it is not known what Meloni is going to do, although he announced state readjustments and could align himself with the alternative block of Visegrad-Baltics-East; Furthermore, Meloni can't stand Macron (and his Napoleon syndrome). I already told you, regarding the accusations leveled against Meloni, that right-wing populism does not exist, what exists is demagogy. In this sense,

^{20.} The Visegrad Group has a historical background in the Visegrad Pact in 1335, when King Charles Robert of Hungary summoned King Casimir III of Poland and King John I of the Czech Republic to a meeting at the Visegrad Palace (Hungarian: Visegrad). from Bohemia. Back then, the three kings agreed to a non-aggression pact and mutual collaboration for a better political and economic relationship. The modern V4 group originated from a summit of the heads of state and government of Czechoslovakia, Hungary, and Poland on February 15, 1991: Václav Havel, for Czechoslovakia; Lech Wałęsa, the President of the Republic of Poland; and József Antall, the Prime Minister of the Republic of Hungary. The meeting took place 656 years after the one organized by Carlos Roberto of Hungary in the same city of Visegrad, in order to establish cooperation between these three States (four, with the subsequent division of Czechoslovakia in 1993) to accelerate the process of European integration, advancing as a group towards the westernization of their economies and their institutions after decades under the influence of the Soviet Union. See <es.wikipedia.org/wiki/Visegrad_Group>

^{21.} In a broad sense, the Baltic countries or Baltic States are those that surround the Baltic Sea . The countries that own the whole of their Baltic coast are Estonia , Latvia , Lithuania , Finland and Poland , while in Sweden , Germany , Denmark and Russia the sea covers only a portion of their coasts (in Russia only the Kaliningrad and Leningrad oblasts have access to the Baltic). However, the meaning of the expression depends on the context in which it is used, and strictly speaking it refers specifically to Estonia , Latvia and Lithuania . See https://es.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pa%C3%ADses_b%C3%A1lticos

Meloni does not seem as demagogue as Macron has been: he always tells whoever is listening what he wants to hear, and he is a great cheat (by trying to change the rules given within the EU on the fly). and it is a danger to the subsistence of the EU itself (eg by postponing the reactivation of the Stability and Growth Pact, the budgetary balance, vetoing European gas pipelines).

The exhibition is completed with certain notes of transitional justice. Allow me to help you with an example taken from chess (vid. slide).

Figure 13. Results of the war II (Vladimir vs. Volodymir: same name, different possitions & goals)



Source: own elaboration.

The current situation can be interpreted in the key of a chess game: it seems that Zelenski is using the Trigan method, who was the king of defense. Tigran was the grandmaster of chess between 63 and 69, however, they criticized him because his method seemed not very vigorous and lacked emotion in the games, being not very lively (they accused him of always being very defensive, but he always won). On the other hand, the move made by Kasparov, who was also a grandmaster between 85 and 2000, is the move of the eternal knight, which is to directly occupy the weak squares and destroy all the pawns. It seems then that this is Putin's move –now, remember Kasparov's deep aversion to Putin, 2016–.

Similar to these two strategies, we have the Trojan horse to the president of Hungary Orban ²² (who maintains a good relationship with Putin in exchange for cheap energy and with the risk of veto in European decisions); but in reality there are others, such as the social democrat Scholz

^{22.} Viktor Orbán (Székesfehérvár , 1963) is a Hungarian jurist and politician and the current Prime Minister of Hungary . He was also prime minister in the period 1998-2002 and is the current leader of the Fidesz-Hungarian Civic Union party , which through an alliance with the Christian Democratic People's Party won the 2010 elections with 52.73% of the votes and with a two-thirds majority in the Hungarian parliament . His political ideas, such as his social and nationalist conservatism , his Euroscepticism and his defense of what he describes as an "illiberal state ", place him in the camp of the new extreme right , as well as having attracted a great deal of international attention. Some observers have described his rule as authoritarian or autocratic . His critics include politicians at home and abroad (including former US Secretary of State Hillary Clinton , the former German Chancellor Angela Merkel and the presidents of the European Commission José Manuel Barroso and Jean-Claude Juncker). Specifically, he has been accused by the opposition of pursuing undemocratic reforms ; reduce the independence of the press , the judiciary and the central bank of Hungary; amend Hungary's constitution to prevent amendments to legislation backed by his party. 14 He has been accused by various media of xenophobia . See https://es.wikipedia.org/wiki/Viktor_Orb%C3%A1n

(German Chancellor) and the Christian democrats (who have assumed the social democratic thesis of degrowth of the green pact) such as Charles Michelle (President of the European Council, who is the typical European bureaucrat who has also been of the Belgian Executive), or Ursula von der Leyen (President of the European Commission); They are the ones who, by adopting and implementing the socialist discourse of the Green Deal, have put us in an energy shortage, an inflationary spike, a large indebtedness and the debt trap with China (which is already huge). Human rights analysis... or better humanitarian law

As far as Human Rights is concerned (Sánchez-Bayón, 2010 and 2020; Sánchez-Bayón et al, 2013 and 2018a-b), on the subject of Russia's invasion of Ukraine, it is evident, although perhaps it would be better (given the ongoing war) to analyze it from the perspective of Humanitarian Law. This is the Law that should prevail in any conflict, respecting the norms of jus cogens or mandatory for all, so it would be possible to speak of crimes against humanity. In this regard, Russia could clarify that it did not ratify the Treaty of Rome, of the International Criminal Court, but it insists that it is jus cogens , and for this reason the Prosecutor's Office has been conducting an investigation, because in the end, since they are crimes of against humanity, one can end up prosecuting and demanding personal responsibilities from those who actually made the war decisions, as was done at the time with another friend of Putin such as Milosevic, ²³ with everything that happened in the Balkans.

As can be seen in the photos (eg torture, mass graves), it turns out that great atrocities have been committed in Ukraine, especially in Leopolis, Mariupol, etc. There have been real atrocities and especially against civilians, but I repeat for this reason also be careful with the terminology as we call the phenomenon and according to the situation in which we find ourselves (see presentation at the beginning).

I don't know if this is growing, come the nuclear attacks, the nuclear weapons that Russia has are not of the latest generation, I wouldn't be surprised if they could even have an accident when trying to launch it, we have shields that can stop any type of attack, in In this sense, I am more concerned about the situation of nuclear power plants such as the one in Zaporiya, which has 5 or 6 large reactors, and due to the bombings they have been left without electricity and with it without maintenance possibilities, which can cause the fission of the core and, there we can have a very big problem.

Therefore, there is no need to be so afraid of the nuclear Holocaust, by pressing a button or not, it is that it can come and much more easily from this other party, since the international organization of nuclear energy is not being allowed to enter, and have all this under control, then the risk is serious for everyone.

This is a war that, indeed, must not be seen solely in economic terms (but rather combining many other approaches -as has been tried here-), since it is a civilizing war, about what kind of world we want: do we want to support a liberal democracy, where our human rights are respected, the separation of powers and accountability, etc., or are we willing to accept a world dominated by those "mandarins" who do and undo as they please ²⁴ ? (as Xi Jinping did with his predecessor at the last congress of the

^{23.} Slobodan Milošević (1941-2006), was a politician serbian . He held the presidency of Serbia from 1989 to 1997 and of Yugoslavia from 1997 to 2000. He was the first elected president of Serbia and the founder of the Socialist Party of Serbia . In the context of the disintegration of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and the three wars that took place there where there were episodes of deliberate attacks against the civilian population, which have been described as "crimes against humanity, genocide and ethnic cleansing", and the responsibility that Milošević had for being President of Serbia, was called, by some media, by a good part of Western public opinion, as well as by his Serbian political adversaries, The Butcher of the Balkans . After his rise to power, and with the fall of communist regimes in Eastern Europe, Milošević had fostered a nationalist discourse. Various authors have characterized Milosevic's nationalist discourse as "cynical", according to whom he would have been interested in it as a mechanism to maintain power and not so much in Serbia itself. Other authors see in the figure of Milosevic a "scapegoat" on whom the responsibility for everything that happened in the Balkans during the 1990s would have fallen. See < https://es.wikipedia.org/ wiki/Slobodan_Milo%C5%A1evi%C4%87>

^{24.} Mandarin is the term commonly used to refer to the magistrates, bureaucrats, and literate officials of Imperial China, Vietnam, and Korea. Mandarins entered the civil service through a rigorous system of imperial examinations, where their knowledge of Chinese classics was tested to varying degrees. Although open to everyone, preparing for the imperial exams required such an amount of financial resources that the Mandarin degree was within the reach only of the Chinese elite. Mandarins were scholars conversant in Confucian philosophy and classical Chinese literature, and held all executive and

El triste 'retorno' de los delitos contra la humanidad a Lviv (Leópolis) Día 44 de invasión: la UE en Kiev mientras Rusia prepara una ofensiva en el Donbás Hallan una cámara de tortura en el sótano de un hospital de Bucha Última hora de la o erra en Ucrania, directo | Von der Leyen, sobre Bucha: "Si esto no es un crimen de guerra, ¿qué es un crim.. ataque a la estación de a decenas de civiles ataque a la estación de tren Krematorsk (Donibás) Borodianka: matanza "más horrible" que as fisuras entre los aliados amenazan con quebrar la unidad europea en Ucrania la de Bucha +Irpin et al Macron apunta lo que puede suceder el 9 de mayo en Ucrania

Figure 14. Results of the war III.

Chinese Communist Party, held recently, ordering his arrest, furthermore, justifying him because he had mental problems and physical weakness, for which reason he had to be carried away from the Congress). In short, it is a very important question to interpret this war. Anyway, I will stop here (leaving for the reply, the juridical iushumanista and iushumanitarian qualification), because I have exceeded about 7 minutes, for which I apologize and, really, thank you very much for your attention. I hope I have been sufficiently provocative at least to cause reflection.

2. Reply of Dr. Sánchez-Bayón

There are many points covered by the other speaker, which deserve a reconsideration (even a rectification), but I will start with what was raised by the moderator:

Russia was indeed a candidate to join NATO (see the photo of Putin and Bush in 2002), even considering its incorporation into the European integration process, specifically, in the European Union (since 1992 with the Maastricht treaty, when It is expected that it will have legal personality, but it is not perfected until the Treaty of Lisbon and its entry into force in 2009).

Russia was going to have entered, because at that moment it was under the mentality of Fukuyama (1989 and 1992), regarding the United States as the victor of the Cold War, hence the end of history and the last man, but in the moment when the USA was attacked on its own territory, it was when Russia washed its hands and saw the opportunity to explore and organize its own Eurasian Union, with all the "Istan" (Uzbekistan, Kazakhstan, etc.), and that now they are also becoming unruly, because what they do not want is to return to submit to the imperialist orbit already suffered with the USSR, which today would be Russia. Therefore, at no time was Russia dismissed or excluded from alliances

Figure 15. Results of the war IV.







D Zaporkzhahia nuclear power plant/AP/picture alliano

Ucrania dice que la central de Zaporiyia ha sufrido un apagón tras un supuesto ataque de Rusia

La compañía nuclear ucraniana Energoatom ha denunciado este jueves que la central nuclear de Zaporiyia, bajo control de las ...

europapress · 9 día(s) · on MSN



OFENSIVA DE RUSIA EN UCRANIA

E Macron avisa de que la bomba atómica francesa "contribuye a la seguridad de Europa"

MARC BASSETS | Paris | 09 NOV 2022 - 20:52 CET

Los militares franceses se preparan para conflictos "de alta intensidad" entre Estados tras 20 años de antiterrorismo



¿Y ahora qué?

Source: own elaboration.

Figure 16. Images and data that kill the story I



Source: own elaboration.

with the West, but instead opted for the anti-Western path, when Putin saw the opportunity (with Soviet desires).

As for what has been said about "wild capitalism" (Stiglitz, 2002; Krugman, 2009), in reality, in Russia there has never been capitalism: in Russia, what there has been is mercantilism; There is no such thing as State capitalism, because it is about mercantilism (when some gentlemen who claim to be businessmen, who are not because they do not undertake, do not create initiatives, do not offer work, do not create opportunities, but rather approach power so that so the political power recognizes privileges and benefits to be shared with the same politicians in cahoots). That is why they are extractive

elites and that has nothing to do with capitalism, that is mercantilism of a lifetime, it is another type of economic doctrine, which is also protectionist, which seeks to accumulate gold as it has also been doing in Russia. By the way, in this regard, with the war in Ukraine a great scam has been discovered in progress: gold reserves are being oversold, proving that the accounting entries are three times greater than the existing gold, which is justified, because it is computing the gold to be discovered. On the other hand, although I find it very interesting and I respect the other speaker very much, I strongly disagree with his interpretation of the State, capitalism, money, etc., but that would give rise to other conferences, and I cannot clarify it here in 10 very short minutes.

It turns out that I had not gone into the specific human rights and humanitarian law issues, thinking that the next speaker was going to deal with it, but when I did not, here is an elementary outline: in reality, this war cannot be solved via human rights, but humanitarian law, because human rights are guarantees that natural persons have, against possible violations by the State, so there would only be a demand for the cessation of violation, reparation and greater protection and promotion for the future. Here we are, despite the confusion of names, before the operation of humanitarian law, which is the one that governs armed conflicts. Therefore, that is why he was talking about the Rome Statute (of the International Criminal Court) and therefore we have to go to article 6 on the crime of genocide (for wanting to exterminate a specific population: the Ukrainians), article 7 on the crime against humanity (for degrading, inhuman and barbaric treatment), and article 8 on war crimes - that is why it warned about the importance of the denominations used, and wanting to talk about invasion or conflict, and not war, then it would close this possibility of demanding responsibilities, thus leaving this situation immune and unpunished. Finally, there is the art. 8 bis (incorporated in 2010) with the open type on the crime of aggression (from Russia to Ukraine); The problem with an open type is its difficult enforceability due to lack of specificity and excessive technicalities for its observation (since it was not fully defined at the time of the commission, but for this the other 3 previous ones are available).

In short, when dealing with massive violations of human rights and crimes against humanity and war, in addition to the UN human rights path (more limited, despite the fact that the 9 major treaties and their commissions can be combined, since it can only be request cessation of violations and reparations), in order to achieve the requirement of effective and individualized responsibility, a procedure must be initiated in the International Criminal Court. Despite the resistance of Russia, which did sign the Rome Statute in 2000 (when it was still close to the West), although it has not ratified the treaty, it is possible to demand responsibilities as it is considered a matter of jus cogens. The problem is in the veto of art. 98 and the inaction of the Prosecutor's Office, which could already open actions for the investigation of cases. Another way to initiate the procedure is from the Security Council, but Russia is impersonating the USSR, exercising the veto (as China is doing, in another impersonation).

To improve a World government or Governance according to international organizations, I have been studying it for a long time, and every time I have more doubts than certainties (Sánchez-Bayón, 2012, 2014a-by 2015). Necessarily, it is necessary to review the type of political organization that is required for the 19c., since the State was an expression of Modernity, with manifestations such as the dynastic State, Nation-State and diffuse-State or public Sector, but after the assault by socialism and nationalism of this political organization, especially in its postmodern interpretations, such as the 4th Socialist International or the Woke movement now (with identity politics, Sánchez-Bayón, 2019a-d), another type of political organization is urgently needed, since it is a weasel concept (Hayek, 1952a-b and 1988).

I insist that there are many discrepancies with the other speaker (for handling other foundations and arguments), it being unfair for me to get involved in it, taking into account that we only have 10 minutes, so I prefer to focus on what we are talking about. It has been pointed out that Western values are in crisis, but I don't think that is exactly the case, or why Ukrainians are dying, defending their freedom and property, which are presuppositions of human dignity. Perhaps a good part of the problem comes from the civilizing suicide that the West is suffering because of its elites, for sale to

anti-Western powers (as in the case of former German Chancellor Schröder, working for Gazprom, or Scholz selling part of his Hamburg when he was its mayor). This explains the fifth column –already mentioned– such as Macron or Biden pressing Zelenski for his surrender in the form of an armistice –and armistices do not usually go well for the West, eg World War I).

That is why I say that the solutions on the part of human rights are difficult to see, because rather they will come from humanitarian law... and it will be seen, due to the fifth columnist trap, when affirming by the western leaders that "it is necessary to give it a exit to Russia"... "an opportunity for peace" -curiously, leftists always apply the pacifist argument when they are losing theirs-. In reality, the Western elites are trying to seek an advantage for Putin, while making their societies pay the cost of the war, in addition to thinking of the easy way to renew their continuity in power or a retirement in secured positions. by anti-Western powers. It is a pity that the transitional process of the current world order change is not being worked on. In this sense, Ray Dalio points out what is happening with the US today. The decline already began when Nixon, taking advantage of a summer period (that is, in August 1971), decided to break with the gold standard, moving to floating exchange rates. The problem is that the US was tremendously in debt, so its currency, which was the world reference at the time, would have fallen if it were not for the reconversion to the "petrodollar". The fact is that the war in Ukraine has shown that the dollar is neither neutral nor reliable (due to the sanctions imposed), which is why another alternative currency is urgently needed today (which China cannot offer, given its total monetary interventionism and its lack of of financial development, despite trying to convert the old colony-casino of Macao into a state-of-the-art financial center). In short, we Westerners have to watch this transition, because in previous episodes there has always been an alternative (the Spanish were followed by the Dutch, and these by the English, then the Americans and now, who?). There is no Western alternative, rather a demolishing trend within the West (with the rise of anti-systems to power, such as the Green Deal doctrine in Europe, supported by Post Keynesians, who advocate deglobalization, degrowth, animalism, etc., and everything against the welfare and prosperity of the people). It would be a shame to lose the great millennial heritage of the West, where we have all contributed, under the assumptions of freedom, prosperity, which have laid the foundations of human rights with human dignity, to now affirm that Western values are harmful And they are in crisis.

Without further delay, the floor is returned, so as not to exceed the 10 minutes given.

[Moderator: can you specify what the concrete solution to this war would be? Would your proposal then be military, that is, that Ukraine with the support of the United States and the rest of the West, defeat Russia or are there possibilities of entering into a negotiation?].

3. Brief answer from Dr. Sánchez-Bayón

No, that's a 19th century or early 20th century view. It is the doctrine of appeasement, that is, giving the dictator what he wants, to avoid a major conflict... but that never works or ends (remember the Churchill quote in 1938). The Law is typified to comply with it. The question raised is not so easy to answer, because if it were so, someone would have already done it. It is difficult to accept Turkey as a mediator, since Erdogan is another satrap, who benefits from Russia and the European Union. In addition, he is the "bad boy" of NATO. The only solution, by analogy of the views in recent years (as happened with Gaddafi), is the disappearance of Putin's action, hoping that his replacement is not worse (from the side of the hawks, but rather a dove).

It is clear that this conflict is not merely local, since the lack of grain will cause new revolts in the Maghreb and the Middle East (as happened with the Great Recession of 2008). In addition, the continuity or not of the West is at stake, and the new geopolitical alliances that are being forged.

In any case, given that the West is in full civilizational and demographic suicide, the significance of this war will be limited, since the forecasts, given the population growth (by multiplying 2.5 times its current number), for the year 2050, Africa will will become key, both for its natural resources and for its people (such as labor and consumers). Meanwhile, Europe will become increasingly old and irrelevant. Today, the image of the ship, which is society, is being witnessed, and in the midst of the

storm, instead of collaborating to drain water, there are those (largely, the European elites) who pour water into the boat, because they always take the side of the one they consider to be the most powerful at that moment...

Figure 17. Images and data that kill the story II



Source: own elaboration.

Right now power is tremendously fickle, it is changing, resulting in the most diffuse and gaseous (Valero et al, 2018), so do not combine falling into Sadducean or Pharisee traps (Sánchez-Bayón, 2017, 2021b and 2022a-c): who will win the war? What war if France calls it a conflict or Russia calls it military manoeuvres? So will we help get buckets of water out of the Ukraine or will the European elites put more water in the western boat (in favor of autocracies like Russia and China, where the human rights of their people are violated)?

In the short term, the big loser is Ukraine (which will have to be completely reconstructed and recover the more than 4.5 million refugees), followed by Russia (by breaking its relations with the West and being at the mercy of the autocratic bloc –an issue that will take advantage and a lot of China). In the long term, the US loses since its currency and its financial system are no longer reliable, in addition to losing everyone, since the West is at risk of civilization, with its peace, security and freedom. As for winning with the war and its consequences, clearly those countries that have established themselves as substitute energy suppliers and, above all, China (which has been preparing its new century, or at least that is what it claims).

Referencias

- Courtois S (dir.) (1997) Le Livre noir du communisme. Crimes, terreur, répression. Paris: Ed. R. Laffont.
- Fukuyama F. (1983) The End of History? The National Interest, 16: 3-18
- Fukuyama F. (1992) The End of History and the Last Man. New York: Free Press.
- García-Vaquero M.; Sánchez-Bayón A.; Lominchar J. (2021) European Green Deal and Recovery Plan: Green Jobs, Skills and Wellbeing Economics in Spain. Energies. 14(14), 4145. https://doi.org/10.3390/en14144145
- González E, Sánchez-Bayón A. (2021) Rescate y transformación del sector turístico español vía fondos europeos Next Gen Eu. Encuentros multidisciplinares, 23(69): 1-15
- Hayek F. (1952a) The sensory order. Chicago: University of Chicago.
- Hayek F. (1952b) The counter-revolution of science: Studies on the Abuse of Reason. Free Press: Blencoe.
- Hayek F. (1988) The fatal conceit. The errors of socialism. Chicago: University of Chicago Press.
- Kasparov G. (2016) Winter is coming. New York: Atlantic Books.
- Krugman P. (2009) *How did economists get it so wrong?* The New York Times (Sept. 6). Republicado en Krugman P 2009 The conscience of a liberal. New York: The New York Times.
- Sánchez-Bayón A. (2010) Trasplantes jurídicos de la globalización: de las relaciones entre los derechos humanos y los Ordenamientos confesionales. Revista General de Derecho Canónico y Derecho Eclesiástico del Estado-Iustel, 23: 1-21.
- Sánchez-Bayón A. (2014a) Fundamentos de Derecho Comparado y Global: ¿cabe un orden común en la globalización? Boletín Mexicano de Derecho Comparado, 141: 1021-51. DOI: 10.1016/S0041-8633(14)71183-4
- Sánchez-Bayón A. (2014b)
- Sánchez-Bayón A. (2015) Política, Derecho y Administración en la Globalización: ¿Es posible un orden común? Pensamiento Americano, 8(15), 121-145.
- Sánchez-Bayón A. (2017) Revelaciones conceptuales y lingüísticas de la posglobalización. Carthaginensia, 33(64): 411-458.
- Sánchez-Bayón A. (2019a) *Una historia filosófica de la identidad estadounidense: de la religión tradicional, a la civil y política.* Tesis doctoral de Filosofía en UCM (URL: Una historia filosófica de la identidad estadounidense: De la religión tradicional, a la civil y política Dialnet (unirioja.es)).
- Sánchez-Bayón A. (2019b) Sociología de las Relaciones Socioculturales Noratlánticas y su influjo en Estados Unidos de América: origen, desarrollo y declive de American civil religión. Tesis doctoral de Humanidades en UVA (URL: Sociología de las Relaciones Socioculturales Noratlánticas y su influjo en Estados Unidos de América: origen, desarrollo y declive de American civil religion Dialnet (unirioja.es)).
- Sánchez-Bayón A. (2019c) Sociología de la identidad estadounidense. Porto: Ed. Sindéresis.
- Sánchez-Bayón A. (2019d) American identity crisis: attack to American civil religion & trans-Westerness risk. Cogito, 11(1): 23-51.
- Sánchez-Bayón A. (2020a) Renovación del pensamiento económico-empresarial tras la globalización. Bajo Palabra, 24: 293-318. DOI: https://doi.org/10.15366/bp.2020.24.015.

- Sánchez-Bayón A. (2020b) Revisión de fundamentos y relaciones entre derechos humanos y políticas criminales en la posglobalización. Derecho y Cambio Social, 60: 1-19.
- Sánchez-Bayón A. (2021) Urgencia de una filosofía económica para la transición digital: Auge y declive del pensamiento anglosajón dominante y una alternativa de bienestar personal. Miscelánea Comillas, 79(155): 521-551. DOI: https://doi.org/10.14422/mis.v79.i155.y2021.004.
- Sánchez-Bayón A. (2022a) ¿Crisis económica o economía en crisis? Relaciones ortodoxia-heterodoxia en la transición digital. Semestre Económico, 11(1): 54–73. https://doi.org/10.26867/se.2022.v11i1.128
- Sánchez-Bayón A. (2022b) From Neoclassical synthesis to Heterodox synthesis in the digital economy. Procesos de Mercado, 19(2): 277-306. https://doi.org/10.52195/pm.v19i2.818
- Sánchez-Bayón A. (2022c) Lectura heterodoxa de la transformación digital europea del turismo: paradojas y fallos por el cambio de modelo. Atlantic Review of Economics-AROEC, 5(2), 1-18
- Sánchez-Bayón A, Pazos M. (2013) *Teoría y praxis de los derechos humanos. Una guía para su exigibilidad.* Madrid: Difusión Jurídica
- Sánchez-Bayón A, Campos G, Fuente C. (2018a) Derechos humanos: síntesis histórica y marco comparado. Derecho y Cambio Social, 53: 1-11.
- Sánchez-Bayón A, Campos G, Fuente C. (2018b) Derechos humanos: revisión de fundamentos en la posglobalización. Derecho y Cambio Social, 52: 1-18.
- Sánchez-Bayón A.; García Salvattecci H. (2022) Las consecuencias globales de la guerra en Ucrania y propuestas de pacificación desde los Derechos Humanos. Junín: Corte Superior de Justicia de Junín (Perú, URL: Las consecuencias globales de la guerra en Ucrania y propuestas de pacificación desde los Derechos Humanos Dialnet (unirioja.es); FlippingBook Online; CONSECUENCIAS GLOBALES DE LA GUERRA DE UCRANIA Y DERECHOS HUMANOS. | PODER JUDIAL. PERÚ NOV 2022 YouTube).
- Stiglitz, J. (2002) The Globalization and its discontents. New York: W.W. Norton & Co.
- Trincado E; Sánchez-Bayón A; Vindel JM. (2021) The European Union Green Deal: Clean Energy Wellbeing Opportunities and the Risk of the Jevons Paradox. Energies. 14(14), 4148. https://doi.org/10.3390/en14144148
- Valero, J., Sánchez-Bayón, A. (2018) Balance de la globalización y teoría social de la posglobalización: cómo percibir y gestionar la diversa, compleja y voluble realidad social en curso del TecnoEvo, Madrid: Dykinson